ALMOST CERTAIN THAT LEGIS-LATURE WILL PASS A BILL.

Assembly Holds Up Mayor Low's Plan for Park Avenue Tunnel Relief - Divorce Bill Amended - Automatic Valves for Gas Meters - New Bills Introduced.

ALBANY, March 11 .- From the attitude assumed in each house of the Legislature to-day it is now almost certain that a bill providing for the improveemnt of the Erie Canal, carrying out the recommendations of the Governor in his message to the Legislature, will pass and go to the Governor his approval. Both the Senate and the Assembly advanced to a third reading a bill providing for the improvement of

In the Senate Senator Davis's measure, providing for the improvement of the Erie and Champlain cunals and the lumber district at Albany, carrying an appropriation of \$31,800,000, was advanced toward final passage, while in the lower house Mr. Weckes's bill providing for the improvement of the Erie, Champlain and Oswego canals entailing an expenditure of \$37-200,000 was advanced to a third readir g. As the bills differ so materially and as the Senate refused to consider the claims of the Oswego Canal people the Assembly bill will not be pressed for passage in the Senate but the Davis bill will go through both houses, if there is to be any canal legislation at all this year.

In the Senate there was not a split among the New York city members, and all the Democrats voted with the Republican members, taking the stand that it was wanted in New York city, and then, if the bill is signed by the Governor and is submitted to the people at next fall's election, it will aid the Democratic candidate for Governor. In the lower house, though, the Republican leaders and minority leader Palmer are arrayed against the bill, but, try as they would to-day, they could not in any way accomplish the desired object of killing the bill. The vote to-day in the Senate would indicate that there will be no trouble in passing the Davis bill, but 26 votes being required to pass it, and while 77 votes was the most that could be mustered in the Assembly, yet it is sufficient in view of the fact that only a majority of 76 votes in the house is necessary to

In both houses an effort was made to kill the measure by tacking on amend-ments, and they were all offered by the anti-canal partisans, with one exception. The discussion in the Senate was not long Senator Raines trying to amend by providing for the improvement of the Cayuga and Seneca canals, which was defeated by a vote of 18 to 6. Senator Stranahan offered an amendment providing for the improvement of the Oswego canal, but it was defeated by a vote of 21 to 6, Senators Davis and Elisworth declaring that only the Erie improvement scheme would be taken up this year.

Senator Malby attacked the bill as being a needless expense and called attention to the scandals connected with the last appropriation. The bill was supported by Senators Grady and McCarren. By a vote of 22 to 16 the bill was advanced to a third reading. Right after this the canal adherents showed their strength, for Senator Raines moved that the bill be recommitted to the Committee of the Whole, which was defeated by a vote of 31 to 16, the vote in detail being:

Ayes—Senators Ambler, Armstrong, Barnes, Brown, Feeter, Higgins, Krum, Lewis, Maiby, Raines, Sherwood, Stewart, Stranahan, Thornton, White and Wilcox, (Reps), 16.

Noes—Senators Audett, Brackett, Coeks, Davis, Elisworth, Elsberg, Fuller, Goodsell, Green, Hill, Marshall, McKinney, Mills, Prime, Slater, Willard and Wiley, (Reps), Ahearn, Cullen, Donnelly, Dowling, Foley, Grady, Hennessey, McCabe, McCarren, Piunkitt, Ramsperger, Sullivan, Trainer and Wagner (Dems.), 31.

upon the part of the anti-canal people to filibuster Speaker Nixon was not in the chair much of the time during the debate, but it was noticeable that every time he called upon a member to take the chair it was an anti-canal man. No less than nine amendments were offered in the lower

Messrs, Fowler, Landon, Burnett, Treat Messrs. Fowler. Landon, Burnett, Treat, Merritt and Moran spoke in opposition to the bill, which was championed by Messrs. Weekes and O'Malley. The first test of the strength of the two factions came when a rising vote was taken on the amendment offered by Mr. Dickinson, which was a technical one. It was defeated by a vote of 77 to 52. The only rollcall was on Mr. Palmer's amendment that the money shall be spent by a bi-partisan commission. shall be spent by a bi-partisan commission. This was lost by a vote of 75 to 58. The vote showed that New York city and Eric county are the only sections solid for the bill.

The Park avenue tunnel changeof motive The Park avenue tunnel changed motive power bill introduced by Assemblyman Apgar and the substitute bill sent to Mr. Bedeil by Mayor Low, which provides a means for the New York Central to secure better terminal facilities at Forty-second street, are not to have an easy time of it in the Assembly. The bills were favorably expected from the railward expension. in the Assembly. The bills were favorably reported from the railroad committee this morning. Mr. Apgar asked to have his bill advanced, but Mr. Wainwright objected. He gave notice that when the Apgar bill comes on the calendar he will move to dis-charge the railroad committee from further consideration of his bill, which differs from the Apgar bill by fixing a time limit in which the railroad commissioners can extend the time that electricity must be used in the tunnel. Mr. Bedeli also asked to have his bill advanced, but Mr. Palmer

The Assembly to-day amended the divorce bill recommended by Gov. Odelt. It was Senator Elsberg's bill, providing that a divorce cannot become absolute until three months after the judgment has been filed. Mr. Fitzgerald (fam., N. Y.) offered an amendment that during the three months no alimony can be collected. It was

months no alimony can be collected. It was adopted.

The Senate ordered to a third reading Assemblyman Kelsey's Pennsylvania Railroad New York city tunnel terminal bill and Senator Krum's bill authorizing savings banks to invest in the bonds of the St. Paul, Rock Island and Morris and Essex Railroad Companies, the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the United New Jersey Railroad and Land Company and in the bonds of railroad companies leased or operated or controlled by a railroad company in whose bonds a savings bank to loan to the value of 60 instead of 50 per cent. on real estate located in

ings bank to loan to the value of 60 instead of 50 per cent. on real estate located in New York State.

The Senate passed Senator Ahearn's bill compelling by Jan. 1, 1907, the placing by gas companies in New York city of automatic valves or gas meters connected with main supply pipes to prevent the excape of gas in case of fire. Chief Croker of the New York City Fire Department is behind the bill.

of the New York City Fire Department is behind the bill.

These bills were introduced: Senator Ellsworth and Assemblyman J. F. Smith—changing the name of the American Deposit and Losn Company to "The Equitable Trust Company of New York."

Senator Cocks—Providing for pre rata payments annually for a period of ten years of assessments for local improvements in The Bronx, Queens and Richmond boroughs.

boroughs.
Senator Mills-Providing for the construction by Mount Vernon of a plaza over the roadhed of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad at South Third and Fourth avenues.

The Assembly passed a bill which will

benefit materially the cold storage proprietors. It provides that in the event of any person having in stock game or fish for which a close season prohibits the selling thereof, he may keep his stock until the open season, upon giving a bond.

The lower house also passed Senator Grady's bill, permitting the lobbies in the New York city theatres to be used for standing room purposes.

SUPERVISION OF CHARITIES. Amendments Suggested to Bill by Presi-

standing room purposes.

dents Stewart and Canfield. ALBANY, March 11 .- A hearing was scheduled before the Senate Finance and

Assembly Ways and Means committees to-day on Gov. Odell's bill, providing a State fiscal supervising officer for the State charitable and reformatory institutions. No one appeared either for or against the bill.

Senator Higgins received a letter from William R. Stewart, President of the State Board of Charities, saying he was glad the bill was not as drastic as had been feared. Mr. Stewart suggested amendments to the bill, requiring stated meetings and inspections of the institutions by the local boards and that a book be provided in which shall be registered the attendance of members of local boards at meetings

of members of local boards at meetings and inspections.

Mr. Stewart would also have an amendment providing that where a member is absent from two consecutive meetings without satsfactory excuse, his place should be considered vacant. Mr. Stewart also suggests that the State Board be allowed to reappoint an inspector for the State charitable and reformatory institutions at a salary of \$2,000 to look after the humanitarian side of the work. This inspector would report quarterly to the Governor, the State fiscal supervisor of charitable institutions and the Presidents of the local boards of managers.

boards of managers.

President George S. Canfield of the State Charities Aid Association, in a letter to Senator Higgins, objected to the Governor appointing a State fiscal supervisor to take the place of the State Comptroller in supervising the finances of the charitable and reformatory institutions and several other provisions. other provisions.

ARMORIES FOR MILITIA ONLY Vetoes Bill Glving Spanish Veteran

Privileges in Them. ALBANY, March 11 .- Gov. Odell sent to the Assembly to-day a veto of Assemblyman Brooks's bill, which would permit the veterans of the Spanish war to use the armories for their meeting places. The Governor gives the following reason

for the veto:

The armories of the State are erected for military purposes and to promote the efficiency of the active forces of the State. They were erected with a view of providing suitable quarters for the active organizations in the respective localities, with the prospect of their sole occupancy by such organizations. Almost without exception they are barely large enough for the National Guard and Naval Militia now assigned to them. To authorize their use by any additional organizations would undoubtedly require further expenditures on such buildings on the part of counties or the State.

As commanding officers are responsible for such property, great care is necessary to be exercised as to those who should be permitted to use the armories, especially as such officers would have no control over other than their own commands. For the reason that I believe that there are not sufficient accommodations in the State armories to allow of any further extension of their privileges, I have withheld executive approval from this bill.

WHO WANTS SUNDAY OPENING? Bums, Brewers and So-Called Ministers,

Says Dr. Hathaway-Bill Dead. ALBANY, March 11 .- Assemblyman Newcomb of New York, who introduced the New York City Citizens' Committee bill, which provided for the submission to the people of New York city the question of whether or not the saloons in that city should be permitted to be open on Sunday, has abandoned the measure.

Cullen, Donnelly, Dowling, Foley, Grady, Hennessey, McCabe, McCarren, Plunkitt, Ramsperger, Sullivan, Trainer and Wagner (Dems.), 31.

The bill was under consideration in the lower house for four hours, and the debate was guite spirited, both sides showing that their feetings were deeply concerned in the bill. Mr. McKeown (Dem., Kings) acted as leader on the floor for the carral supporters and several times became angry over what he considered unfair attempts.

There was no chance of it ever getting out of committee, and for that reason Mr. Newcomb decided not to press the matter. The Excise Committee met this afternoon and decided not to act on any bill pending before that committee and this was the last session of the committee for this year. It has a leader on the floor for the carral supporters and several times became angry over what he considered unfair attempts. There was no chance of it ever getting sented to hear him and he said: "No one in New York city wants Sunday opening ex-cept some bums, brewers and so-called

BROOKLYN LIBRARY PROJECT.

Mr. Carnegle Urges Consolidation - Objections May Be Overcome.

ALBANY, March 11 .- Bird S. Coler and everal other Brooklyn citizens appeared before the Senate Cities Committee to-day in opposition to Assemblyman Morgan's bill, consolidating the Brooklyn Public Library and the Brooklyn Library and turning it into a city public library. senator Stranahan, chairman of the committee, received a cablegram from Andrew Carnegie, urging the passage of the bill. It is expected the bill will be amended so as to provide that the directors of the consolidated library may be appointed by Mayor Low without restriction. This will meet the objections made to-day

Massena Electric Steel Company ALBANY, March 11.—The Massena Electric Steel Company of New York city was in-State. The capital is \$500,000 and the directors are: Michael R. Conley, David Parks Faciller, Thomas T. Seciye, Burnell Colson and Warren B. Hutchinson of New

Gov. Odell Back in Albany. ALBANY, March 11 .- Gov. Odell returned Albany from Washington to-night at

The closing of the first allotment of the stock of the Mergenthaler - Horton Basket Machine Company disappointed fifteen hundred belated subscribers. The

40 Cent

allotment will close some day this week, Saturday the fifteenth, or earlier.

The price of the next allotment is 50 cents a share (Par value \$1.00).



Boys' and Girls' Spring Furnishings.

Neckwear for Boys, Tecks, Imperials, Narrow Four-in-Hands, and Windsor Ties, in all the dainty colorings for Spring, at 39c. & 48c.

Negligee Shirts of fancy Madras, plain colors and white, plaited or plain fronts, 98c. to \$2.00.

Boys' Russian and Sailor Separate Blouses of Madras or percale, 50c.

Pajamettes for Boys or Girls, of fancy Madras, in pretty colorings; sizes 2 to 8 years, 75c.

Boys' Bath Robes for Spring, of daisy cloth, in pink, light blue and cardinal; sizes 2 to 8 years, \$1.90. Misses' Silk Stocks, plaited and hemstitched,

with turnover collars, all colors, 48c. Misses' Knitted Golf Jackets, in scarlet or white, button down the front, \$4.75.

Lace Collars for coats and reefers, \$1.75 to \$5.00. Also Pique Sets: Collar, Shield and Cuffs, \$1.00.

60-62 West 23d Street.

TO CUT DOWN THE FORESTS. Senate, by One Vote to Spare, Lets Down Constitutional Barriers.

ALBANY, March 11 .- Without debate the Senate to-day passed, by a vote of 27 to 12, Senator Brown's proposed amendment to the State Constitution, recommended by Gov. Odell, which nullifies the provision inserted in the Constitution of 1894 prohibiting the cutting of timber on State forest lands for which the State, during the past five years, has spent hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Senator Brown's proposition amends Section 7 of Article VII. of the Constitution, to read as follows, the new matter being quoted:

17. The lands of the State, now owned or hereafter acquired, constitution owned or 47. The lands of the State, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest preserve as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. "Except as authorized by this article," they shall not be leased, sold or exchanged, or be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed or destroyed. "The Legislature may authorize the sale and removal of hemlock, spruce, pine, balsam or other soft woods if more than ten inches in diameter three feet from the ground. The proceeds of such sales shall be set apart in a separate fund known as the forest preserve fund, and shall be used only to care for and extend the forests of the State in the forest preserve, Boads may be built in the forest preserve, but franchises shall not be granted for railroads or street surface railroads upon or across any part of the forest preserve, nor shall such railroads be maintained."

The amendment passed with but one vote to spare, many Republican Senators voting

to spare, many Republican Senators voting for it just because the Governor wanted it. The vote in detail follows:

Ayes-Ambler, Armstrong, Audett, Barnes, Brown, Cocks, Davis, Ellsworth, Fuller, Goodsell, Green, Higgins, Hill, Lewis, McEwan, McKinney, Mills, Raines, Sherwood, Slater, Stewart, Stranahan, White, Wiley (Republicans), and Grady, Hennessey and McCarren (Democrats), Noes-Elsberg, Feeter, Krum, Malby, Marshall, Prime, Thornton (Republicans), and Ahearn, McCabe, Plunkitt, Ramsperger and Trainor (Democrats).

Assemblyman Davis's resolution, amend-Assemblyman Davis's resolution, amend-ing the Constitution by giving the State the right to lease camp sites and permit the cutting of timber in the Adirondacks is dead. Mr. Davis refuses to press it for passage. When it came up on the order of second reading to-day Mr. Davis moved the following:

the following:

I laid my concurrent resolution aside because I lave become satisfied that we have not reached a point where we ought to let down the bars in regard to the Adirondacks. I am extremely sorry that the gentlemen who have recently explained their objections so forcibly did not communicate with the Forestry Committee before the resolution was reported.

There is very serious opposition to the cutting of timber, and while I am confident that this can be carried out scientifically without injury to the Adirondacks I appreciate the fear of a very great number of people that the forest might be injured. I believe it will be better to wait a few years longer before doing anything on the lines suggested in my resolution.

TO GET GREENE AND GAYNOR Possibility of Their Extradition-It Is Expected They Will Fight It.

WASHINGTON, March 11.-The laws and treaties affecting the extradition of criminals from Canada are being looked up by officials of the Department of Justice wiew to securing the return of Col. John F. Gaynor and Capt. B. Greene who recently forfeited their bail at Savannah and went

The Department will spare no effort in the matter, and it is expected that the State Department authorities will be asked to take action in the matter. Il make a fight on legal grounds against extradition.

Boer Envoys Say Good-by.

WASHINGTON, March 11.-The Boer dele gates called on President Roosevelt this morning to pay their respects and to say good-by. They told the President that they desired especially to have him know that they neither asked for nor expected intervention by the United States.

Secretary Root Entertains.

WASHINGTON, March 11 .- Secretary of three days. War and Mrs. Root entertained at dinner to-night Count Cassini, the Russian Am-bassador; the Austrian Minister and Bar-oness Hengelmuller, Senator Depew, Rep-resentative Moody, the coming Secretary resentative Moody, the coming Secretary of the Navy; Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Sanger, Mrs. Audenreid, Col. and Mrs. Kitson of the British Embassy, the Counselor of the French Embassy and Mme. de Margerie, Mr. and Mrs. Pinchot, Mr. and Mrs. Munn, Solicitor-General and Mrs. Richardson, Miss Josephine Patten, ex-Secretary of State and Mrs. John W. Foster and Mrs. Charles Phelps of New York.

Deaths in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, March 11 .- The War Department has received the following report from Manila, giving a list of deaths that have occurred in the Philippines since the last report, dated Jan. 27:

the last report, dated Jan. 27:

Dysentery.—Frederick P. Fosdike, arthan, Company
C. Tweitth Infantry: Cornellus Callaghan, private,
Hospital Corps. Private Henry K. Kaufman, Company
M. Twenty skita Infantry: Private Harold
E. Doran, Troop D. Fifteenth Cavalry: Private
Maurice Reilly, Company B. Twenty first Infantry;
Private Joseph E. Young, Company H. Seventeenth
Infantry. ntantry.

Discass of the Liver—Sergt Augustus L. Cloutier,
Discass of the Liver—Sergt Augustus L. Cloutier,
Proop D. Fitteenth Cavairy: Sergt Thomas J.

Jarling, Company B. Tenth Infantry: Private
Frank Pearson, Company K. Twenty-fourth In-Frank Pearson, Company K, Twenty fourth Infantry.
Typhoid Fever—Private John S, Gragg, Company D, Twenty seventh Infantry: Private Bert Hauser. Company E, Twenty sixth Infantry.
Drowned—Body recovered—Private Carr R, McLeod, Hospital Corps.
Result of Wounds in Action—Sergt. Charles K, Scott, Company L, Second Infantry.
Permicious Anomia—Private Robert J. Drew, Hospital Corps.
Malarial Fever—Private Arthur Donaldson, Company A, Twenty-sixth Infantry.
Pyzemia—Private William F, Clark, Company A, Sixteenth Infantry.
Tuberculosis—Private Frank A. Putnam, Company G, Second Infantry.

ROOSEVELT'S FIRST VETO. He Refuses to Remove Charge of Desertion Incurred in Civil War.

WASHINGTON, March 11.-President Roosevelt sent to Congress to-day his first veto message. It announced his disapproval of a bill to remove the charge of desertion from the record of John Glass, who after serving about a month as firstclass boy on the United States ship Moose during the Civil War deserted.

The report of the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs shows from the papers in the case that Glass, who was 16 years old at the time, had been a witness to a circumstance of a compromising nature affecting the second officer of the Moose, and that the latter had taken Glass ashore, bought him a civilian suit and ordered him not to return. He had therefore been recorded as a deserter, but the committee believing the offence unintentional recommended the passage of the bill.

President Roosevelt gives the following reasons for his adverse action upon the bill:

There can be no graver crime than the crime of desertion from the army or navy, especially during war; it is then high treason to the nation and is justly punishable by death. No man should be relieved from such a crime, especially when nearly forty years have passed since it occurred, save on the clearest possible proof of his real innocence.

In this case the statement made by the affiant before the committee does not in all points agree with his statement made to the Secretary of the Navy. In any event it is incomprehensible to me that he should not have made effective effort to get back into the navy. He had served but little more than a month when he deserted, and the war lasted for over a year afterward, yet he made no effort whatever to get back into the war. Under such circumstances it seems to me that to remove the charge of desertion from the navy and give him an honorable discharge would be to falsify the records and do an injustice to his gallant and worthy comrades who fought the war to a finish. The names of the veterans who fought in the Civil War make the honor list of the republic; and I am not willing to put upon it the name of a man unworthy of the high position.

Theodore Roosevelt. reasons for his adverse action upon the bill:

MR. HOAR ON THE SENATE.

of Senators. WASHINGTON, March 11 .- In the Senate this morning a discussion was started on the subject of the proposed Constitutional amendment to make Senators elective by the people instead of by State Logislatures. The House bill for that purpose had been recently referred by the Senate to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and Mr. Berry (Dem., Ark.) asked that that committee should be required to make a report either favorable or adverse, so as to have action by the Senate

Mr. Hoar (Rep. Mass.), made a vigorous protest against the whole movement. It was a question, he said, at which the whole people might well pause. It was one of the greatest questions ever brought up for regislative action anywhere on the face of the earth. If the Senate did not defend itself against popular movements, some-times hastily and lightly made, it was not

to be defended at all
Continuing his remarks, Mr. Hoar said:
'The committee will deliberate whether
we are to strike down one of the great
glories of our republic, and let it perish
from among the nations of the earth. I,
for one, am willing to do my duty on that
committee, but I will not be hurried; and
they shall not be hurried if I can help it."
Mr. Stewart (Rep., Nev.) also argued
against the proposed amendment. No
action was taken. to be defended at all

PRESIDENT'S TRIP SOUTH. He May Visit the Charleston Exposition the

Second Week in April. WASHINGTON, March 11 .- President Roosevelt has decided that on account of the pressure of public business he cannot visit the Charleston Exposition until the second week in April. The programme in detail has not been arranged, but the trip to South Carolina will probably last

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, March 11.-These army orders

have been issued:

Capt. Wharton B. McLaughlin, Assistant Surgeon having tendered his resignation, is honorably discharged. charged.

Leave of absence for two months is granted
Pirst Lieut. William A. Kent, Twenty-third in-First Lieut. William A. Kent, Twenty-third Infantry.

Leave of absence for two months is granted First Lieut. Guy V. Henry. Fourth Cavalry.

Leave of absence for two months is granted Capt. Harry I. Bailey, Twenty-first Infantry.

First Lieut. Jerome S. Chaifee, Assistant Surgeon, to the Army and Navy General Hospital. Hot Springs, relieving Contract Surgeon William E. Musgrave, ordered to San Francisco, for transportation to the Philippine Islands.

Leave of absence for one month is granted Contract Surgeon William F. Musgrave.

The following transfers are made: Capt. Benjamia W. Leavell, Twenty-fourth Infantry to Twenty-sixth Infantry: Capt. George H. McMaster Twenty-sixth Infantry to Twenty-fourth Infantry These naval orders have been issued:

These naval orders have been issued:
Capt. F. W. Dickens to Washington as niember
of Naval Examining Board, Capt. W. W. Mead
report for duty as member of Board of Inspection
and Survey, April 1.
Ensign A. Kautz, detached Marietta, when discharged treatment Naval Hospital, New York, to iarged treatment Navan detached Illinois March, incunant.
Lieut. T. Washington, detached Illinois March, and hold himself in readiness for duty as ald a personal staff of Rear Admiral R. D. Evans.
Rear Admiral G. H. Wadiegh commissioned Rev. B. R. Patrick has been appointed a chaplain

QUICK RELIEF, SURE RELIEF **BROWN'S Bronchial Troches** For Ooughs and Oolds. Fac-Simile of She & Rena the on every

GOT A SLAP AT SUGAR TRUST.

THAYER'S RESOLUTION TABLED IN THE HOUSE, 125 TO 87.

Senator Hanna, on the Floor, Called Down by Sulzer-Brantley Speaks for Democrats, Who Favor Tariff Concessions to Cuba-A Boer Resolution.

WASHINGTON, March 11.-Under the latitude of general debate in the Committee of the Whole, the House to-day listened to two speeches on the Cuban reciprocity question from minority members, Mr. Brantley of Georgia advocating a reduction of one-third or one-half of the duty on sugar from Cuba, and Mr. Meyer of Louisiana opposing it.

Before going into committee there was a little flurry in the House over the attempt by Mr. Thayer (Dem., Mass.), to get a resotion of inquiry before it, in the guise of a question of privilege. This was the reso-

lution in effect:

Whereas. It has been currently reported from reliable sources that the entire crop of Cuban sugar has already been purchased from the Cubans at ruinously low prices by the Sugar Trust and is only awaiting shipment until a reduction of the duty on the same can be secured through the action of Congress, and that any concessions intended to be for the alleviation of the deplorable conditions of the Cubans by admitting their sugar this year at reduced rates of duty will serve only to benefit the Sugar Trust and that the Cubans will receive no benefit whatever from it; and

Whereas, It has been currently alleged by many Republican newspapers that the Sugar Trust has, by subsidizing newspapers, establishing literary bureaus and by spending large sums of money and in other ways attempted to create a public sentiment in favor of a radical reduction of the tariff on sugar imported from Cuba to Congress; therefore be it

Resolved, That a special committee of seven

be it

Resolved, That a special committee of seven
members of this House be appointed by
the Speaker to investigate the subject matter of this resolution and report thereon
within two weeks from the time of its appointment.

within two weeks from the time of its uppointment.

The reading of the resolution was interrupted by Mr. Loud (Rep., Cal.) to make the point that the matter presented no question of privilege, which point was promptly sustained by Speaker Henderson. From that decision Mr. Thayer appealed, stating that he had not asserted that it was a matter of personal privilege and demanding the yeas and nays on Mr. Payne's motion to lay the appeal on the table.

The motion to lay the appeal on the table was agreed to, 125 to 87, Messrs. Fleming of Georgia and McClellan of New York voting with the Republicans to sustain the Speaker's ruling.

On motion of Mr. Loud (Rep., Cal.) the House went into Committee of the Whole to consider the Post Office Appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1903. Mr. Littlefield (Rep., Me.), one of the steering committee appointed by the beet sugar men, took the chair, accompanied by applause from all parts of the hall.

Mr. Loud briefly set forth the provisions of the bill, and the reason why the Post Office Committee increased the sum carried in the bill to \$137,916,599, the sum estimated by the Department being \$134,731,576.

Mr. Brantley (Dem., Ga.), set forth the views of the thirty or forty Democrats who favor making tariff concessions to Cuba. I e said it was the duty of Congress to grant the relief asked for Cuba, and he believed that it ought to be a reduction of one-third or one-half of the present duty on her sugar. that it ought to be a reduction of one-third or one-half of the present duty on her sugar. If it were found that under that reduction the Sugar Trust was reaping undue benefit, Congress had the power to relieve that situation by reducing the duty on refined sugar. Having this power, why should Congress refuse to act? Further than was necessary to afford the relief necessary and to discharge the duty devolving upon the United States Brantley said he would not go This country, he said, in its tariff taxes was paying a bounty of \$85,000,000 a year

to its sugar producers and yet when it was proposed to reduce that bounty by only \$10,000,000, in order that a market might be found for \$37,000,000 of other products, the sugar producers objected.

While Mr. Brantley was speaking, Senator Hang of Ohio came into the ball and ter Hanna of Ohio, came into the hall and war speedily surrounded by an interested crowd of Representatives, upon whom he crowd of Representatives, upon whom he urged the support of the proposition to reduce the duty on Cuban products 20 per cent. He was still thus engaged when Mr. Hill (Rep., Conn.), took the floor to have read the report of a committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce favoring the bill reported by the Committee on Coinage, Weights and Weights and Measures to preserve and maintain the gold standard and to make silver exchangeable for gold. Mr. Sulzer (Dem., N. Y.), asked:

"Who is entitled to the floor, Mr. Chair-"Who is entitled to the noor, and the gentleman from Connecticut or the Senator from Ohio?" [Laughter.]
Chairman Littlefield—The gentleman Chairman Littlefield.—Members from Connecticut, has the floor. Memi will take their seats. This broke up the informal gathering.

This broke up the informal gathering.
Mr. Burleson, (Dem. Tex.) had a letter
or statement from a Mr. Knight of Chicago,
regarding the alleged refusal of Secretary
Hay to ask from the British Embassy a
passport for the Rev. H. W. Thomas and
wife of Chicago, permitting them to visit
British camps in South Africa and to disribute funds and supplies to the Boer cap-

A resolution calling upon the Secretary for the reasons for his refusal has been in-troduced by Mr. Burleson and is before the Committee on Foreign Affairs, which will meet to-morrow for its consideration and Mr. Burleson frankly avowed that his purpose to-day was to call the attention of the country to the matter with a view to

effecting action to morrow.

Mr. Hitt, (Rep., Ill.) chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, criticised this attempt to prejudice the case Mr. Myer. (Dem., La.) made a formal argument against the proposed reduction of tariff on Cuban products.

The committee rose and at 4:50, the House adjourned until to-morrow

DEBATE ON SUBSIDY BILL.

Mr. Allison Asks Some Questions as to Its Effect on Shipping.

WASHINGTON, March 11.-The Shipping Subsidy bill was taken up in the Senate this afternoon, and Mr. Mallory, Florida, a minority member of the Committee on Commerce, made an argument against it. Its promoters, he said, were acting on the theory that it was proper and just for the Government to furnish aid for building up industries if it could thereby promote the public weal. In its last analysis it was a measure to take the money of the tax-

payers and use it to build up the private

At the close of Mr. Mallory's argument

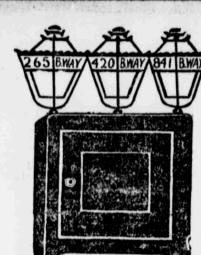
business of individuals and corporations.

a colloquy took place between Mr. Allison (Rep., Ia.) and Mr. Frye (Rep., Me.), the former asking detailed information as to the possible effect of certain provisions in the bill and the latter furnishing it.

Mr Allison inquired whether, under the bill, a vessel engaged in the coastwise trade and enjoying the exclusive advantages of American ships in that trade could leave it and become engaged in the foreign trade and receive the subsidy provided in the bill. Mr. Frye said that a vessel might leave New York for Savannah in the coastwise tradel and might at Savannah clear for Brazil, in the foreign trade; she would be entitled to the benefits of the coastwise trade as far as Savannah, and would then be entitled to the subsidy under the pending bill. He added that a vessel from New York to Manila would not be entitled to a subsidy. "Why?" Mr. Allison asked, "Because," Mr. Frye answered, "She is engaged in the constwise trade."

After further colleguy the bill went over and the Senate, at 5:30, adjourned till toformer asking detailed information as to and the Senate, at 5:30, adjourned till to-

Mrs. Chauncey Depew Has the Grip. WASHINGTON, March 11.-Mrs. Chauncey Depew is among the long list of society people who are suffering from a severe attack of grip, and is declining all invita-tions socially. She is not seriously in-disposed and will join in the social festivi-ties following Lent



A Safe Proposition for the man who wants good

If he appreciates good style—good cloth—good trimming and good making—that's our combination.

> Spring Overcoats and Suits. Ask To See our silk-lined Spring Overcoats at \$18.00 & \$20.00.

> Also Smart Sack Suits, broad-shouldered, stiff front, shaped or full back. \$18.00 & \$20.00.

Hackett Carhart & Co. BROADWAY Stores: Cor. 13th St. Cor. Canal St. Near Chambers St.

ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS.

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FIFTH AVE.
Norman,
Auct'n Rooms
WM. B.
NORMAN,
Auctioneer.

THIS (WED.) AFTERNOON

Also To morrow Afternoon at same hour.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE OF
A VERY VALUABLE COLLECTION

FURNITURE

OF
Louis XVI., Empire, Chippendale and
Colonial designs. A large assortment
of old French and Dutch Marqueterie,
in Chairs, Tables, Cabinets, Sofas, Bombe
Front Bireaus and Desks, magnificent
Louis XV. Gilt Hall Clock, &c.

Mr. Joel Van Slocum of London,

Choice Marqueterie and Chippendale

FURNITURE,

and several pieces of old Silver.

Fifth Avenue Auct'n Rooms

WM. B.
NORMAN,
Near 28th St.

Auctioneer.

NOW ON EXHIBITION

AN IMPORTER'S STOCK

Artist Proof Etchings, Engravings, Mezzo-

tints, Miniatures, Old Sporting and Mor-

Friday and Saturday Afternoons, MARCH 14 & 13 AF 2 O'CLOC

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MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC-THIS DAY.

Sun rises. ... 6:18 | Sun sets. . . 6:03 | Mooa sets... 9:10

HIGH WATER-THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 8:02 | Gov. I'd., 9:34 | Hell Gate..11:27

Arrived-Tuesday, Masch 11.

Arrived Tuesda.,
dler. Genoa. Feb. 26.
fauric. Liverpool. Feb. 28.
forte Castle, Cape Town, Feb. 6.
Polycarp Manaos, Feb. 22.
Marro Castle, Havana, March 8.
Maracalbo, March 1.

Se El Valle, New Orieans, March 6.
Se Chattahoochee, Savannah, March 8.
Se Colorado, Brunswick, March 17.
Se Princess Anne, Norfolk, March 10.
Se Benefactor, Philadelphia, March 10.
Se Georgetown, Georgetown, S. C., March 8.
Se Oneida, Georgetown, S. C., March 7.
Brig G. B. Lockhart, Macorle, Feb. 19.

ARRIVED OUT.

SAILED FROM FOREIGN PORTS.

Ss Moltke, from Cherbourg, for New York.

OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS.

Sall To morrow

Sail Friday, March 14.

Gibraltar.

Naples
Havre
Liverpool
New Orleans
Havana
annah Savannah
Live Friday, March 14,

Due Saturday, March 15.

Due Sunday, March 10.

New Orleans.

Harry Luckenbach...

Prinzessin Victoria Luise,
Mediterranean.
Majestic, Liverpool.
S 20 A M
St. Paul, Southampton.
G 38 A M
Vaderland, Antwerp.
Hungaria, Hayti.
Seminole, San Domingo.
Princess Anne, Norfolk

Sall To m
Havana, Havana,
Havana, Havana,
Seguranca, Nassau,
Trinidad, Bermuda,
Ydun, Guantanamo,
Arapahoe, Charleston,
El Alba, New Orleans,
Hamilton, Norfolk,
Sall Tendou

Abbazta...

Ss Rotterdam, from New York, at Rotterdam, Ss Lahn, from New York, at Naples. Ss Astoria, from New York, at Moville,

Carle Castle, cape 1 own, re Polycarp, Manaos, Feb. 22. Morro Castle, Havana, Mare Maracatho, Mareadho, Mare Evelyn, Colon, Feb. 28, Paloma, Havana, March 1. Erna, Kingston, March 1. Lampasas, Gaiveston, March El Valle, New Orleans, Mare Chattahoopher, Savannah, Mare Chattahoopher, Savannah, Mare

land Prints, etc.

ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS.

TO-DAY AT 2 P. M.,

"Grand Dissolution Sale."

The firm of UHRLAUB & MAY has been dissolved by the order of the Supreme Court of the State of New York. The stock has been sold by the receiver. Mr. Samuel Knopf, and I will sell the same here at public auction, absolutely

The entire stock in this store, amounting to about \$100,000 worth of extremely fine ORIENTAL RUGS, Ivory Carvings, Bronzes, Carved Furniture, French Boule Clocks, Vernis Martin Cabinets, French Bronzes, Antique Japanese and Chinese Ceramics, Teakwood Stands, Tables and Chairs, Royal Vienna Potteries, Plates, Cups and Saucers, French Majolicas, Marble Figures, Limoges Enamels, Miniature Paintings on Ivory, a large number of Silver Cloisonnes, Embroideries, a great number of Persian and Turkish Silk Rugs, amongst others an Antique Silk Carpet, 21x13 feet, valued at \$15,000, etc., etc.,

AT PUBLIC AUCTION, ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT RESERVE.

The sale will take place on the premises of the dissolved firm, at the corner of 26th Street and 5th Avenue (opposite Martin's), beginning TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), at 2 P. M., and continuing each day until entire stock is disposed.

JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer.

"To-night at 8" Fifth Ave. Art Galleries

366 5th Ave., near 34th St. Important Sale of SUPERB PORTRAITS

of most BEAUTIFUL WOMEN, by the leading MASTERS of the Early ENGLISH, DUTCH and FRENCH SCHOOLS

IMPORTANT MODERN **PAINTINGS** 

At Absolute Public Sale By Order of

Arthur Furber, Esq. This (Wednesday), and Thursday Evenings

at 8 o'Clock. The COLLECTION comprises 150 pictures from three separate Great Collections of Modern and Ancient Paintings.

It is not often that Collections of such a high and of all Collections of Paintings dispersed this season, none possessed such great artistic value.

Generally speaking-Pictures pleasing to live with-Portraits, Charming Compositions and Landscapes-are the subjects treated, many of them by masters such as-Rosa Bonheur - Jules Dupre -Gerome - Hoppner-G. Inness - Str Th. Lawrence-Meissonler-Sir Joshua Reynolds-Rubens- Roybet - Tenle s -Thaulow - Van Marcke-Raveste n

On exhibition until time of sale,

Catalogue on request. JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer.

Court Calendars This Day.

Court Calendars This Day.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court—Nos. 64, 75, 25, 34, 81, 67, 00, 68, 81, 86, 80, 94, 96, 98.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part I.—Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M. Part II.—Ex partematers. Part III.—Clear. Motions. Demurers. Nos. 1809, 1822. Preferred causes. Nos. 5090, 5045. Divorce calendar called at 10:15 A. M. General calendar. Nos. 2808, 2878, 3561, 1334, 2299, 2501, 1009, 4378, 2894, 4394, 4402, 4504, 4405, 4408, 4402, 4411 IV.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part III. Part V.—Case unfinished. Experted R. R. cases. Trial Term—Part II.—Case unfinished. Short causes. Nos. 14128, 13423, 15499, 12401, 12890, 7868, 10341, 13437, 12905, 12401, 13780, 14040, 12460, 12207, 6384, 6385, 6439, 6437, 8812, 1431, 14319, 14402, 14201. Part III.—Case unfinished. Inquest. No. 3028. Insy calendar. Nos. 18289, 1839, 18301, 1802, 448, 18829, 13715, 13796, 13860, 13969, 13007, 4276, 3728, 10447, 13643, 3887, 14919, 10081, 3954, 3961, 3779, 3998, 4021, 13666, 18209, 13752, 13664, 3964, 3779, 3998, 4021, 13666, 18209, 13752, 13664, 1971, 197

from Fart VIII.
Surrogate's Court—Chambers—For probate—
Wills of Fred Wiccold, Frederick Knoechel, John Schultz, John M. Hogencamp, Sophia Ruhl, George E. Bemis, Mary A. Wade, Katharine R. Field, San ders D. Bruce, T. Avery Collett, Charles Flynn, Wills of Fred Wiegold, Frederick Knoechel, John Schultz, John M. Hogencamp, Sophia Ruhl, George E. Bemis, Mary A. Wade, Katharine R. Field, Sarders D. Brace, T. Avery Collett, Charles Flynn, Alexander T. Compton, at 10.31 A. M. Trial Term—No. 1175, will of Mary Lynch. No. 1779, will of Sarah E. Carleton. No. 1780, will of Abram Bertlan. No. 1782, will of Margaret Smith at 10.39 A. M. City Court—Special Term—Court Opens at 10. A. M. Motions—Trial Term—Fart I. Case uninished. Nos. 1497, 1800, 3681, 2097, 41877, 1613, 1246, 2044, 4356, 2134, 1514, 1478, 2118, 2552, 2651, 2002, 1818, 078. Part II.—Clear Nos. 2784, 2785, 2002, 1830, 678, 2245, 808, 1162, 1635, 2538, 2654, 2675, 2679, 1999, 2773, 2774, 279, 2572, 2584, 2714, 2746, 2807, 2716, 2811, 1348, 2738, 2251, 2854, 2718, 1269, 2878, 3279, 2713, 2716, 3512, 1218, 2524, 2718, 1269, 2878, 3279, 2713, 2716, 3512, 1318, 2532, 2558, 2730, 2933, Part IV.—Case unfinished. Nos. 2004, 2665, 2806, 2931, 2004, 2678, 2678, 2678, 2678, 2679, 2678, 2679, 2678, 26

Movements of Government Vessels.

March 5 March 2 Feb. 26 Feb. 27 March 8 March 9 March 10 WASHINGTON, March 11. - The training ship Washington, March 11.—The training ship Topeka has arrived at Port Royal and the collier Hannibal at Lambert's Point. Va. The training ship Essex has sailed from Bermuda for Yorktown, the collier Saturn from Cavité for Woosung, the collier Leonidas from Havana for Lambert's Point, the gunboat Wilmington from Swatow for Amoy, the gunboat Isia de Luzon from Cavité for Hong Kong, and the training ship Monongahela from San Juan for Hampton Roads.

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